Section VI: WAIVERS - MLK Early College

DPS Policy Waivers			
	Policy Waived	Area of Impact	
	WAIVER REQUESTS - DPS BOARD POLICIES		
School	BDF-R4: Collaborative School Committees	Governance	
Proposal			
Policy	and classified staff. Purposes and Scope: - to enhance student achievement and school climate by engaging school and District's goals to provide strategic direction in support of the school's mission at with the school's program design, should serve as the strategic pla - to be in compliance with state and federal law, regulations of the orders, the District Affirmative Action plan, the DPS/DCTA Agreem The collaborative school committee will: - work collaboratively with the school community that includes the business leaders, service and neighborhood representatives, and of focus on the SIP as its primary responsibility at the school; - use Multiple Measures and align resources to support the SIP and provide guidance, evaluation and approval for the SIP; - provide guidance, evaluation, and approval for the annual school program design; - act as the School Improvement and Accountability Council (SIAC) - establish relationships with parents, community members, civic, such as the School and provide a forum for community input; - provide guidance, evaluation, and approval for the use of the staff school budget, and school program design, including consultation of participate in the principal-selection process by interviewing cander participate in the principal's annual evaluation by giving input on committee process; - review, and when appropriate, approve discipline and safety process; - review, and when appropriate, revise the school calendar and/or make recommendations regarding any changes to the school desprincipal. The collaborative school committee will not: - participate in the day-to-day operations of the school; - be involved in issues relating to individuals (staff, students, or participate in the personnel issues.	Indivision as stated in the School Improvement Plan (SIP). The SIP, in for the school. Colorado Department of Education, applicable U.S. District Court ent, other contracts and District mandates. Explain building principal, teachers, staff, students, parents, civic and other community members; If the school's program design; budget to insure its alignment with the SIP and the school's for the building; service and neighborhood organizations to increase involvement in ffing allocations provided by the District as it relates to the SIP, regarding adjustments that may be made due to pupil-count issues; didates and recommending candidates to the superintendent; the principal's involvement in and support of the collaborative cedures; schedule; ign to the District Board of Education through the building	
Replacement	The School Leadership Team and Collaborative S School Governance Board. SGB will comply with The membership of SGB will include 12 voting m process.	State Law on School Accountability Committees.	
Policy			
	MEMBERSHIP		
	The SGB will be comprised of teachers, staff, par		
	representative. Each member will be selected th	nrough an election process except for the	

Principal and the parent SGB member. The parent SGB member will automatically be the (PAWS: Parents Actively Working for Success) President or his/her designee. There will be a representation, not exceeding the total of 17. Teachers and para-professionals will elect a representative from the various departments of the staff, through a confidential vote of the representative group. Representation is required for all MLK staff positions. Terms of all positions except the administrator or designee are from June 1 to May 31. Choosing from the lists below: 1. Each core content area 2. 1 MS and 1 HS Grade level (6,7,8, 9-12) 3. Two electives 4. 2 1 Student representative (At least One Student Council Member) 5. 1 paraprofessional or classified employee 6. 1Community member 7. 1 Financial Officer 8. 1 Support Services (including Guidance Counselors, ESL, Deans) 9. 1 SPED representative 10. 1 Parent 11. 1 Administration 12. 1 Principal Designee * SGB will follow and amend its own set of Bylaws to be reviewed annually. The SGB shall have the following responsibilities: Meeting at least once a month Recommending 2 final candidates to DPS for the principal position (when a vacancy exists) Providing advice and recommendations to the principal regarding all responsibilities of the SGB detailed in Policy BDFHR3 in addition to the following: Advising on the school's annual budget Advising on the school's master calendar and schedule Making recommendations regarding the school's curriculum and instruction, culture and behavior, services for special populations, and use of school facilities School **KHBA: Sponsorship Agreements Proposal** The district may maintain a corporate sponsorship program designed to provide a mutually beneficial relationship between the district and the business community. It is the goal of this Policy program to achieve additional revenues to support district programs in a manner that will limit

the commercial exposure associated with this program and comply with district policy KHB,

Advertising in Schools/Revenue Enhancement. The program may also be used in school cafeterias related to the Food Services program. The Superintendent or his designee shall have the authority enter into sponsorship agreements. Official sponsors will receive certain rights and opportunities that may include the right to be an exclusive provider of services or products for the period of time addressed by the sponsorship agreement. All sponsorship agreements will allow the district to terminate the agreement at least on an annual basis if it is determined that it will have an adverse impact on implementation of curriculum or the educational experience of students. Revenue derived from the sponsorship program will be formally identified as consideration for advertising rights or as sponsorship revenues. Rights and benefits in addition to advertising may be granted to individual sponsors. The rights will become part of the negotiated sponsorship agreement. All sponsorship activities will comply with district policies. The school has the authority to collect revenue directly from sponsorships, subject to District oversight through routine reporting to the Office of Budget. The School shall have the ability to request and secure school-based sponsorships independent of the district according to the following policies: 1. The sponsorship must not compromise or show inconsistency with the beliefs, values of the district and school. 2. The sponsorship will not alter any district owned resources unless permission is granted Replacement by the district. **Policy** 3. The sponsorship does not create a real or perceived conflict of interest with school administrators or staff. The sponsorship agreement will be reported to the district budget office at least 30 days before an agreement is to take effect. The budget office will have the ability to refuse the agreement only in situations where said agreement will adversely impact funding arrangements for other schools in the district more than it would benefit the School or because it would be in conflict with existing fund regulations (such as federal grants). IC/ICA: School Year/School Calendar School **Governance / Budget** Proposal Prior to the end of the school year, the Board of Education shall determine the length of time during which district schools shall be in session during the next school year...All calendars shall include the dates for all staff in-service programs scheduled for the coming Policy school year...Any change in the calendar except for emergency closings or other unforeseen circumstances shall be preceded by adequate and timely notice of no less than 30 days. The school has the authority to develop its own annual calendar that aligns with the Innovation Replacem Plan and that meets or exceeds the minimum standards of the District and state. ent Policy No later than 60 calendar days before the end of the school year, the principal in consultation with the SGB will determine the following year's school calendar and school

	day schedule that meets or exceeds disti time during which schools shall be in ses	rict and state determinations of the length of sion during the next school year.
	_	sought prior to scheduling in-service programs
	·	s calendar and schedule shall serve as the
	•	school. All calendars shall include planned work
		ms. Any change in the calendar except for
		circumstances shall be preceded by adequate
	and timely notice of no less than 30 days	
		ndar and school day schedule shall be provided
		are currently enrolled. The approved upcoming
		irs will be placed on the school's website prior to
	May 1 of the prior academic year and a c	
	Instructional Superintendent.	copy shall be provided to the school's
	·	or calendar violate teacher rights provided in
	_	or calendar violate teacher rights provided in
	the replacement policy for Article 8 of th IE: Organization of Instruction	Educational Program:
	IGA: Curriculum Development	Calendar and Schedule
School	IGD: Curriculum Adoption	Calellual allu Schedule
Proposal	IIA/ IIA-R: Instructional Materials	
	IJJ/ IJJ-R: Instructional Materials	
		bresent a unified program of instruction and shall
Policy	be operated as a single system under the direction	
	The school has the flexibility to adopt the school	
	curriculum and textbooks.	s educational program, including selecting
		et or exceed the minimum standards of the
	District and State.	et of exceed the minimum standards of the
		ruction that is consistent with its innovation
		ducation, under direction of the superintendent.
		ogram of instruction that enables students to
	 The School's curriculum will provide a primeet or exceed the CCSS and CAS. 	ogram of instruction that enables students to
Replacem		usts its adjugation program and make shapes to
ent Policy		uate its education program and make changes to
	curriculum content, instruction, and asse	
	•	out by school personnel, consistent with the
		ole resources, including replacement core
	instructional textbooks where textbook	_
	·	ne school's education program as part of its 3
		an in addition to the annual UIP review by the
	SGB.	proved by District staff
Cabaal	Substantive interim changes must be apply WE AVE BY Promotion Potentian and	
School	IKE / IKE-R: Promotion, Retention and	Education Program
Proposal	Acceleration of Students	

	I.u. I	
	When grade retention or acceleration of a student is considered as provided for in Policy IKE,	
	procedural guidelines are as follows:	
	1. The teacher will confer with the parents at least four months before the end of the school year	
	about the reasons that grade retention or acceleration may be recommended.	
	2. The parents, principal, teacher, and other appropriate staff will confer about the student's	
	educational needs at least three months before the end of the school year. If retention or	
	acceleration is to be a consideration, academic interventions to address the student's needs will	
	be developed and implemented.	
	3. The principal, teacher, and parents will confer prior to the end of the school year about the	
Policy	student's progress. Based on this, the student will be retained or accelerated if the principal and	
	parents concur that it is in the best interests of the student. In such instances, an academic plan	
	will be prepared that includes the following:	
	a. A summary of the school's interventions during the current year to meet the student's	
	academic needs	
	b. The interventions to be implemented during the next school year to meet the student's	
	academic needs.	
	4. If the principal approves the grade retention or acceleration of the student and the parents do	
	not concur, a letter stating the principal's recommendation and rationale will be placed in the	
	student's record, and the student will not be retained or accelerated.	
	Retention and promotion decisions for students performing below or above grade-level in core	
	content areas will be made based on reading and math achievement levels as determined by	
	performance on standardized assessments and a body of evidence which could include but not	
	limited to grades, attendance, interventions, conferences, credit standing The principal,	
	administrators, teacher, and parents will confer at least three months prior to the end of the	
	school year about the student's progress, with additional meetings at least every 6 weeks	
	thereafter. Based on the student's progress, an academic plan will be prepared and grade	
Replacement	retention or promotion may be recommended to school leadership by any member of the school	
Policy	community.	
	If school leadership approves the grade retention or promotion of a student, the student	
	will be retained or promoted. Parents will not have the ability to override the decision of	
	school leadership. Parents will be made aware of this policy at orientation, or at the time	
	of registration for all mid-year enrollees.	
	All retention and promotion decisions will be finalized by May 1st. The school will	
	regularly communicate student performance to parents/guardians.	
	GCF/GDF: Staff Recruitment/ Hiring Educational Program:	
School	Promotion, Retention and Acceleration of	
Proposal	Students	
	Hiring	
Policy	There shall be no discrimination in the hiring process on the basis of genetic information, race, color, gender, sexual orientation,	
lolicy	gender identity, transgender status, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, veteran status or disability.	

All candidates shall be considered on the basis of their merits, qualifications and the needs of the school district. For teaching and paraprofessional positions, the Board directs that recruitment procedures will give preference to candidates who meet the definition of highly qualified pursuant to the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. All interviewing and selection procedures shall ensure that the administrator directly responsible for the work of a staff member has an opportunity to aid in the selection and that, where applicable, the school principal has an opportunity to consent to the selection. The Superintendent shall have the authority to make employment decisions, including hiring, for all district employees, except for teaching personnel and school leaders. Nominations of teaching personnel and administrators shall be made at meetings of the Board of Education. The vote of a majority of the Board shall be necessary to approve the appointment of teachers and administrators in the school district. Upon the hiring of any employee, information required by federal and state child support laws will be timely forwarded by the district to the appropriate state agency. **Background checks** Prior to hiring any person, in accordance with state law the district shall conduct background checks with the Colorado Department of Education and previous employers regarding the applicant's fitness for employment. In all cases where credit information or reports are used in the hiring process, the district shall comply with the Fair Credit Reporting Act and applicable state law. The Innovation School will follow District Policy GDF/GCF; however, the Innovation School will have autonomy to recruit staff and make offers to candidates outside of the traditional district hiring calendar. The principal or his/her designee will work with the district Human Resources office to post teaching positions through the district website. The school will also engage in independent outreach efforts to recruit candidates outside of the centralized recruitment channels, but will require that any interested candidates apply through the district site. All eligible applications for posted teaching positions will be provided to the school principal for selection using locally-designed processes. The principal or his/her designee will consider candidates from the direct placement Replacement process; however, the school shall not be required to select or accept teachers through **Policy** direct placement or to alter the hiring schedule or selection process in a way that gives preference to direct placement teachers. The principal will consult with district HR staff and incorporate hiring best practices at the school level where it is found to be appropriate. Teaching positions that are responsible for supplemental or enrichment instruction will not require a teacher certificate. Background checks will be administered using the existing systems and processes for the district. The School shall conduct reference checks. School IJOA: Field Trips / IJOA-R: Field Trips Teaching: **Proposal** (Guidelines for Extended Excursions) **Human Resources: Hiring and Dismissal** Most educational excursions shall be carried out on school time to approved destinations listed in the catalog for approved excursions. Excursions to destinations not listed in the catalog may be arranged by following the accompanying procedures for field trips. Sometimes these Policy experiences in the field will last overnight or for even longer periods. The accompanying procedures for extended excursions give guidance to teachers and principals so that judicious

	decisions may be made at the local level concerning most such excursions. When the proposed experience involves long, extended periods of timeprincipals shall seek counsel, direction and approval from their lead principal who in turn may secure approval from the superintendent or designee.	
	School buses shall be provided for teachers to take their classes on educational excursions insofar as possible using bus allocations established for that school. When school buses are not available, arrangements may be made to use public transportation or private transportation. For all excursions requiring students transportation in school buses, arrangements should be made through the department of transportation.	
Replacement Policy	The Innovation school will follow the district field trip policies and procedures with two exceptions: 1- The school will design field trips that match the curriculum and therefore may be outside of the district catalog. In such situations, the school will have autonomy in determining the appropriateness of field trips, and the school principal will be responsible for approving all school field trips. 2- If a situation exists where the school must pay the district for transportation services, the school may choose to contract with another school transportation provider if the cost estimate from the district is significantly higher than the other school district's cost estimate.	
School Proposal	IKB: Homework Educational Program	
Policy	Parents should expect their children to have regular homework assignments and should question the lack of such assignments. Elementary school: The amount, length and type of homework at the elementary school level may vary according to individual needs and the classes and courses selected, but the minimum amount assigned shall be as follows: Kindergarten and grade 1- 10-15 minutes, one or two days per week Grade 2- 10-20 minutes, two days per week Grade 3- 15-25 minutes, two days per week Grade 4- 15-30 minutes, two to three days per week Grade 5- 20-30 minutes, three to four days per week Middle school A minimum of five hours of homework per week shall be assigned. This shall be mainly representative of the major academic disciplines but may include other subject areas. High school The amount of homework assigned to high school students shall vary depending upon specific subjects taken and the grade level. The expected minimum amount of homework shall be 10 hours per week in grades 9 through 12.	
Replacement Policy	The school will implement a homework policy that is in alignment with the educational program outlined in the innovation plan. In instances when work is not completed at school, the school will have the ability to expect students to complete their work during lunch or after school in a homework help center – attendance is mandatory. As students advance to higher grades, the	

homework load will increase in order to appropriately prepare students for post-academic
success.

	success.	
Collective Bargaining Agreement Articles Waivers		
WAIVER REQUESTS - DCTA COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT		
School	DCTA:	Teaching:
Proposal	Article 1-2: Definition of Teacher	Human Resources: Teacher Licensure
Policy	The term "teacher" as used in this Agreement sh personnel, employed half-time or more, who are Education as teachers, including others who are	e licensed by the Colorado Department of
Replacement Policy	The term "teacher" will include teaching person teaching personnel who are not licensed and are instruction. All core content teachers shall meet Core content teachers shall possess a valid Color their assignment. (ESEA)	e providing supplemental or enrichment the federal Highly Qualified (HQ) requirements.
School Proposal	Article 1-7: Definition of "School Year"	Educational Program: Calendar & Schedule
Policy	The term "school year" as used in these Articles shall mean the officially adopted school calendar.	
Replacement Policy	The term "school year" as use in these Articles shall mean the school calendar as it is established by the innovation school. This definition will include both an identification of days and a typical daily schedule.	
School Proposal	Article 2-4-1: Waivers from Agreement	Teaching: Waiver Request Procedure
Policy	2-4 No change, rescission, alteration or modificate be valid unless the same is ratified by both the B 2-4-1 Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement shall be made by the principal and the Association.	Board and the Association.
Replacement Policy	Consistent with the Innovation Schools Act, requ Agreement will be made by the School to the Bo teachers through an amendment or revision of t	pard of Education with documented support from
School Proposal	Article 5-4: School Leadership Team	Governance: Management
Policy	Each school will have a School Leadership Team representative, a teacher appointed by the prince representatives elected annually by a majority. The SLT will make decisions by consensus. A conmajority decision that the entire SLT, including the second secon	cipal, and a minimum of 3 teacher y of the faculty voting by secret ballot. Isensus is either a unanimous decision or a
Replacement	The School Leadership Team and Collaborative School Committee will be replaced with the	
Policy	School Governance Board. SGB will comply with	State Law on School Accountability Committees.

The membership of SGB will include 12 voting members determined through the following process.

MEMBERSHIP

The SGB will be comprised of teachers, staff, parents, and administration and a student representative. Each member will be selected through an election process except for the Principal and the parent SGB member. The parent SGB member will automatically be the (PAWS: Parents Actively Working for Success) President or his/her designee. There will be a representation, not exceeding the total of 17. Teachers and para-professionals will elect a representative from the various departments of the staff, through a confidential vote of the representative group. Representation is required for all MLK staff positions. Terms of all positions except the administrator or designee are from June 1 to May 31.

Choosing from the lists below:

- Each core content area
- 2. 1 MS and 1 HS Grade level (6,7,8, 9-12)
- Two electives
- 4. 2 1 Student representative (At least One Student Council Member)
- 5. 1 paraprofessional or classified employee
- 6. 1Community member
- 7. 1 Financial Officer
- 8. 1 Support Services (including Guidance Counselors, ESL, Deans)
- 9. 1 SPED representative
- 10. 2 Parent
- 11. 1 Administration
- 12. 1 Principal Designee

The SGB shall have the following responsibilities:

- Meeting at least once a month
- Recommending 2 final candidates to DPS for the principal position (when a vacancy exists)
- Providing advice and recommendations to the principal regarding all responsibilities of the SGB detailed in Policy BDFHR3 in addition to the following:
- Advising on the school's annual budget
- Advising on the school's master calendar and schedule

^{*} SGB will follow and amend its own set of Bylaws to be reviewed annually.

	Making recommendations regarding the school's curriculum and instruction, culture and behavior,	
	services for special populations, and use of school facilities	
School	Article 8: Professional Standards Educational Program:	
Proposal	Sets Teacher Calendar, Work Year, Work Day, Class Size and Teaching Load Calendar & Schedule	
	Article 8 - Professional Standards	
	School Leadership Team. Each school will have a School Leadership Team as described in 5-4. The	
	SLT will be responsible for making decisions as noted in Article 8. Decisions may be made by the	
	SLT to alter the length of the lunch period (Article 8-2)only after conducting a confidential vote	
	of the majority of the faculty. Changes will not be made to the length of the lunch period or	
	secondary teaching load without a positive majority confidential vote of the faculty. Information	
	about such changes will be sent to the Instructional Issues Council for tracking purposes.	
	8-1 Contract year. The contract year shall be one hundred eighty-four (184) days. If a teacher is	
	required to extend his/her contract yearhe or she shall be paid at their regular scheduled rate	
	per day. Regular scheduled rate per day is the teacher's salary divided by the number of days in	
	the contract year.	
	8-1-1 In addition to the one hundred eighty-four (184) days, newly hired teachers may be	
	required to attend pre-session orientation meetings and shall be paid in accordance with Article	
	32	
	8-1-2non student contact days shall include the equivalent of four and one half (4.5) full self-	
	directed teacher planning days to be distributed in meaningful increments, and three (3) full	
	professional days to be directed by the principal and one parent conference day. If the District	
Article	continues the benchmark assessment program, three (3) or more days shall be set aside to grade	
Summary	and analyze data from benchmarks and other related assessments	
	8-1-2-1 The assessment day will be used to administer, grade and analyze data from benchmarks and other related assessments.	
	8-1-2-2 Schools may modify the daily schedule on the parent/teacher conference days.	
	8-1-3 There is an expectation that teachers will attend beyond the contract year for professional	
	development determined by the principal if: a. the program needs to be scheduled outside the	
	contract year, b. no programs will be scheduled for the last two weeks of June and the first two	
	weeks of July, c. written notice is given ninety (90) days prior to the end of the school year, d. the	
	educational reason is sound, e. teachers attending are paid in accordance with Article 32, f.	
	adequate alternate opportunities are provided.	
	8-1-4 Evening Meetings. Each teacher may be required to attend three (3) evening events	
	approved by the SLT per school year, as part of the contracted time.	
	8-1-5 Special Conditions of Employment. Any special conditions regarding the assignment of any	
	teacher will be an addendum to the initial employment contract.	
	8-2 Forty (40) Hour Work Week. The work week shall be forty (40) hours and shall include: 1.	
	Lunch Periodsa minimum standard 45 minute daily lunchduty free.	
	8-2-1 The principal shall have authority to permit teachers to diverge from the regular school	
	day.	

8-2-2 The District's scheduled student school contact day will not be extended without applying the due process of collective bargaining.

8-3 Planning Time.

Each elementary/ECE/K-8 school teacher shall receive a minimum of three hundred (300) minutes of self-directed instructional planning time per week. Within the three-hundred-minutes per week, each teacher shall receive a minimum of forty (40) minutes of uninterrupted, self-directed instructional planning time per day scheduled during the student school contact day. If that is not possible, some of the uninterrupted block of forty (40) minutes may be scheduled outside the student contact day.

8-7 Non-Teaching Duties.

8-7-1 Assignment of teachers to non-teaching duties not done by aides will be rotated so that no teachers will have the same assignment for more than four (4) consecutive semesters, unless the teacher agrees to such assignment.

Provisions specified in Article 8 will not apply to the School. The school leader in consultation with the SGB will make decisions as described in the innovation plan.

- The School has the authority to establish its own calendar and daily schedule, provided it meets or exceeds minimum statutory standards.
- The School has the authority to establish class sizes and teaching loads that support the Innovation Plan.
- The School has the authority to establish any necessary committees, which may include replacing the Professional Standards Committee, that support the Innovation Plan.

School's Replacement Policy

8-1-Contract Year: The contract year for teachers may be extended to include additional mandatory professional development days prior to the start of the school year. In addition, the contract year for some teachers may be extended to provide a summer academy for students who are not yet achieving at grade level. Teachers will be compensated for additional days via a stipend that is determined by the principal in consultation with the SGB annually. Non student contact days, planning days, assessment days, and professional development days will be determined by the principal in consultation with the SGB annually, consistent with the innovation plan, as part of the adoption of the school calendar. Student school contact days will be extended to increase instructional time and the teacher work week may be extended beyond 40 hours to include extended student time as well as additional collaborative planning and professional development time.

8-2: The teacher work week may be extended beyond 40 hours to include extended student time as well as additional collaborative planning and professional development time. The principal shall have authority to permit teachers to diverge from the regular school day. Evening meetings can be scheduled, as necessary, to implement the innovation plan in accordance with the innovation plan.

8-3: Teachers will be given a minimum of 200 minutes of undirected teacher planning time per week, and an additional minimum 100 minutes of directed common planning time.

	8-7: Teachers will be assigned non-teaching duties, as necessary, to implement the innovation plan with the intent being to maximize the time that the most effective teachers spend teaching students. 8-8 The School's teachers will be responsible for lesson plans for the entire length of any absence.
School Proposal	Article 10: Teacher Evaluation: Describes the Evaluation Process for Teachers Leadership: Human Resource Management: Teacher Evaluation
Policy	10-1-6 "Evaluator" means school principal or administrative supervisor who is responsible for the evaluation. Principals are responsible for all evaluations in their building, but may designate other qualified administrators to assume evaluation responsibilities. Student Services Managers are responsible for evaluations of their personnel as determined by the District. 10-2 Types of Evaluations. The school district has 3 (three) types of evaluation: 10-2-1 Probationary Evaluation. Probationary evaluations are conducted on an annual basis during the teacher's probationary employment. Probationary teachers are those contract teachers who hold a valid Colorado teacher license and are in the first three years of teaching or service with the district. Teachers with authorizations or emergency licenses shall follow the probationary evaluation process and shall not be considered probationary until such time as they hold a Colorado professional teaching license. Probationary teachers receive a minimum of two documented observations. At least one of the observations is formal. 10-2-2 Non-Probationary Evaluation. Non-probationary evaluations are conducted once every three years for teachers who have successfully completed their probationary period. Non-probationary teachers receive a minimum of one documented observation. At least one of the observations is formal. 10-2-3 Special Evaluation. Special evaluations are conducted when a supervisor determines that a teacher requires assistance in a non-evaluation year. Managers can recommend to an evaluator that a Student Services Professional be put on special evaluation. 10-3 Timeline for conducting professional evaluation. Probationary teachers are evaluated yearly while designated as probationary and in the first year of non-probationary status. Thereafter, evaluations are to be conducted every three years. The exception to this is special evaluation, see article 10-8. 10-3-1 Compensation as it relates to evaluation, Article 31-11 and ProComp Agreement, Articles 7.4.3 and

evaluations of their personnel as determined by the district, using the appropriate evaluation tool.

10-4-1 To the extent required by state law, evaluators must hold a state principal/administrator license, be trained in evaluation skills that will enable him or her to make a fair, professional, and credible evaluation of the personnel whom he or she is responsible for evaluating.

Teachers will be hired on annual contracts.

• The district HR office will work with the school to ensure teacher contracts are consistent with the approved innovation plan.

10-1: Evaluator refers to a supervisor who is responsible for the evaluation of personnel. While the principal will oversee all evaluations in the building, other evaluators as determined by the principal will have primary evaluation responsibilities for some personnel. The principal has the authority to identify, prepare, and designate school-based evaluators to conduct staff evaluations.

10-2: The school has only one type of evaluation which applies to all teachers as all teachers are on an annual contract. The school may modify aspects of the LEAP framework appendices to align with the Educational Program.

10-3: Timeline: All teachers will be evaluated at least once annually.

10-4: The principal will oversee all evaluations to ensure the appropriate standards are being used. As necessary, the principal will identify a designated evaluator for each teacher in addition to the school principal.

10-4-1: Evaluators will receive CDE approved teacher evaluation training but will not be required to hold a state administrator license.

If a teacher is not meeting performance expectations, the school leader may choose to place the teacher on a Plan of Improvement.

Plan for Improvement

When the school leader determines that a teacher is not meeting performance expectations, the Principal may choose to place the teacher on a Plan of Improvement. The duration of the plan of improvement will typically be thirty (30) days, but may be extended beyond the (30) days as determined by the Principal and/or Assistant Principal. The teacher will be required to show improvement under the Principal and/or Assistant Principal's supervision within the designated period of time. The plan of improvement may list the areas for improvement that the teacher will be required to improve on to the satisfaction of the Principal and/or Assistant Principal. Resources and supports may be made available to the teacher in an effort to assist the teacher in correcting the performance concerns by the Principal and/or Assistant principal. If, at the end of the plan, the principal deems, in his/her sole discretion, that the teacher has failed to make sufficient improvement, then the teacher may be dismissed from employment. An improvement plan is not an entitlement or employment right. Annual contract status may be maintained as long as the teacher continues to receive effective or distinguished ratings. 10-5-3: Formal observations are recommended to last at least one class period and do not require advance notice or a pre-observation conference. Additionally all teachers may be

School's Replacement Policy

	videotaped within the classroom and the video will be used solely for professional development and coaching purposes. Teachers will be given DPS consent document annually.	
School Proposal	Article 11: Complaints Against Teachers/Administrative Leave/Corrective Action Leadership: Human Resources Management	
Policy	11-2 Administrative Leave. If a principal decides to place a teacher on administrative leave forthe principal or designee shall meet with the teacher to give specific allegation(s) and the basic reason why the administrative leave for investigation is necessary, when possible. 11-2-1 The meeting shall take place at the end of the school day or whenever it is appropriate.11-2-2 The principal shall provide the teacher a copy of the administrative leave checklist and review it with the teacher. The teacher shall sign the form only as acknowledgement of receipt11-2-3 At the teacher's request a meeting will be held within three (3) school daysto give the teacher an opportunity to respond. The teacher may have Association representation at the meeting. 11-2-4If an investigation must extend beyond seven (7) calendar daysthe teacher and the Association will be notified by phone calls[with]the reasons for the extension and the expected date of completion11-2-5 During the investigation, the teacherwill receive full pay. 11-2-6 Following completionthe principal or designee shallshare the resultsand give the teacher an opportunity to respond11-2-7 Administrative leave should be considered as an option to be used only when necessary to protect the students or staff or to conduct an appropriate investigationThere will be no record of the leave in a teacher's personnel file11-2-8 The Agreement Review Committee (ARC) will review on an annual basis administrative leaves for the prior year to ensure that the above procedures have been implemented appropriately. 11-3 Corrective Action. Before taking a corrective action against a teacher, the principal shall investigate the situation, meet with the teacher and give the teacher an opportunity to respond.	
Replacement	The school will follow the district's basic fairness and due process guidelines in issuing corrective	
Policy	action to employees at the innovation school.	
School Proposal	Teaching: Article 13-7 Hiring timelines Human Resources Management: Hiring & Staff Assignments	
Article Summary	13-7 Timelines. The Human Resources Department shall determine the start date of the open market staffing cycle as early as practicable after schools have submitted their staffing vacancies and needs Key dates and activities: • Teachers verify consideration group • Teacher requests for Intent to Vacate, Early Retirement Incentive, move to part time/job share, Extended Leave of Absence, and Return from Leave notice submitted. • Recommendation for non-renewal of probationary teachers. • In-Building Bidding and Reduction in Building Staff interviews conducted by Personnel Committees. (Articles 13-10,13-15) • Schools report vacancies. (Article 13-17) Vacancies are posted. • Teachers apply to transfer for vacancies. (Article 13-18)	

• Schools review qualified applicants' applications and resumes, schedule interviews, extend offers. Schools notify unsuccessful transfer applicants. (Articles 13-19, 13-20) Assignment of unassigned non-probationary teachers. (Article 13-194) • End of open market staffing cycle. 13-8 Personnel Committee. 13-8-1 Each school shall establish a Personnel Committee to select candidates for vacancies and Reduction in Building Staff (RIBS) at the school building. 13-8-2 The Personnel Committee will be composed of the principal and three (3) teachers chosen by a vote of the faculty, and may have no more than two (2) parent(s) as member(s) appointed by the SGB. 13-8-3 Teacher members will be chosen by the faculty. 13-8-4 The Personnel Committee will make decisions by consensus... 13-8-5 The decision or results of the Personnel Committee shall not be grievable. The failure to comply with the procedure contained in this Article is subject to grievance... 13-8-7 The Personnel Committee shall operate during the school year. Outside of the school year the principal may fill positions without consultation. 13-7. The innovation school will not adhere to the district staffing cycle. It will post vacancies when they become open. The school will work with the district Human Resources office to post positions through the district website. In addition to this posting, the school will engage in independent outreach efforts to recruit candidates outside of the centralized recruitment channels. The school will consider all eligible applicants, including teachers who apply to transfer School's for vacancies, but will uphold district policy in ensuring mutual consent between principals. Replacement Transfers will not receive priority consideration. The innovation school will not accept direct Policy placements from the district or assignment of unassigned non-probationary teachers. Teachers who leave the innovation school in order to return to a district school will be subject to the District policies for implementation of SB 191 with regards to probationary or nonprobationary status. Teaching: School Article 13-8 Personnel Committee Human Resources Management: Hiring & Staff Proposal Assignments 13-8 Personnel Committee. 13-8-1 Each school shall establish a Personnel Committee to select candidates for vacancies and Reduction in Building Staff (RIBS) at the school building. 13-8-2 The Personnel Committee will be composed of the principal and three (3) teachers chosen Article by a vote of the faculty, and may have no more than two (2) parent(s) as member(s) appointed Summary by the SGB. 13-8-3 Teacher members will be chosen by the faculty. 13-8-4 The Personnel Committee will make decisions by consensus... 13-8-5 The decision or results of the Personnel Committee shall not be grievable. The failure to comply with the procedure contained in this Article is subject to grievance...

	13-8-7 The Personnel Committee shall operate during the school year. Outside of the school year	
	the principal may fill positions without consultation.	
	13-8. The school leader shall be responsible for hiring all staff and shall implement a hiring	
	process that best meets the needs of the innovation school. Whenever possible, a hiring	
	committee will be constructed by the principal to provide input into hiring decisions. To the	
	extent possible, the hiring committee shall include representatives from staffing areas that will	
School's	be affected by the new hire.	
Replacement	All candidates must pass a DPS background check, which will be conducted through the district	
Policy	Human Resources process.	
1 Oney	The principal, in consultation with the SGB, will make decisions related to Reduction in Building	
	Staff (RIBS) and selection of candidates for vacancies. Once the principal determines that the	
	school will undergo a RIBS, all candidates currently in the position being reduced will be	
	considered and the principal, in consultation with the SGB, will make RIBS decisions based on	
	performance, professionalism, and merit.	
School	Teaching:	
Proposal	Article 14-1: Summer School Teaching Positions Human Resource Management: Hiring & Staff	
Гторозат	Assignments	
	14-1 Summer School and Evening School. Summer and evening school programs shall be	
	provided flexibility of design and implementation following the guidelines set forth below.	
	14-1-1 Staffing. The purpose of all staffing procedures is to find the most suitable candidates for	
	the teaching positions needed to run the summer school.	
	14-1-1-1 Summer school teaching positions shall be posted.	
Policy	14-1-1-2 Postings shall include the following basic components: descriptions of any teaching	
	position that may be included in the summer school, and an explanation of the selection process.	
	14-1-1-3 All teaching positions in summer school programs will be filled first by teachers	
	currently in the District.	
	14-1-2 Compensation. Teachers will be paid for summer and evening work as provided in Article	
	32.	
	The Innovation School will fill summer school positions with its own teachers to the extent	
Replacement	possible. Should additional teachers be necessary, the school will fill those positions with the	
Policy	best possible candidates, not necessarily teachers currently in the District. Teachers will be	
	compensated for summer school time as determined by SGB during the budgeting process.	
School	Article 20: Procedures for Conducting Teaching:	
Proposal	Reduction in Force Human Resource Management: Staffing	
	20-2 No new staff members shall be employed by the District so long as there remain employees	
	of the District whose contracts have been canceled unless those employees do not have proper	
Policy	certification, endorsement and qualifications to fill the vacancies which may occur. Such priority	
	consideration will be for a period of three (3) years following the reduction.	
	20-2-1 Teachers will be hired in reverse order of reduction provided the teacher is certified and	
	endorsed for the vacancy.	

	20-2-2 The District will send a registered or certified letter to the teacher's last known	
	permanent address. It shall be the teacher's responsibility to notify the District of any change in	
	their permanent address.	
	20-2-3 Teachers must accept the assignment within ten (10) days of the postmark date of the	
	recall notice, or the position will be offered to the next certified and endorsed teacher. The	
	liability of the District to recall employees whose employment contracts have been canceled	
	shall terminate if the employee does not accept reemployment.	
	20-2-4 When the former employee is re-employed, all accrued benefits at the time of the non-	
	renewal shall be restored, including all eligible credit on the salary schedule.	
	The Innovation School will not participate in the district Reduction in Force process and will not	
Replacement	accept direct placement of district employees who have had their contracts canceled. New staff	
Policy	members will be employed at the school based on their qualifications and fit with the school	
	innovation plan and position requirements.	
6.1	Teaching:	
School	Article 25: Procedures for Arranging Job Human Resource Management: Staff	
Proposal	Sharing Assignments and Half-Time Assignments	
	25-1 Job sharing, or converting from a full-time employee to a half-time employee, may be	
	requested by regularly assigned full-time equivalent non-probationary teachers who wish to	
	work only half-time. Procedures for assignment to a job sharing or half-time position will be	
	available upon request from the Department of Human Resources.	
	25-1-1 Application for a job sharing or half-time position must be made in writing to the	
	Department of Human Resources by the published date.	
Policy	25-1-2 Teachers wishing to job share must find another teacher who also wishes to job share.	
,	25-1-3 Job share and half-time assignments, when possible, shall be for one (1) year at a time.	
	25-1-4 Salary, benefits, accrued service and other employment entitlements shall be half their	
	usual value, as applicable.	
	25-1-5 To be effective, the job sharing or half-time assignments must be approved by the SGB at	
	the school to which the teachers are assigned.	
	25-2 Teachers will be notified of placement during the teacher staffing process.	
	Job sharing, or converting from a full-time employee to a half-time employee, may be requested	
	by regularly assigned full-time equivalent teachers who wish to work only half time. Teachers	
School's	who wish to request job sharing or half-time positions shall submit their request in writing to the	
Replacement	school's principal. The principal, in consultation with the SGB, shall review and determine	
Policy	whether any requests for job sharing, or converting to half-time positions are approved or	
	denied. All approved job sharing or half-time positions shall be for one (1) year at a time.	
СВА	defined. All approved job sharing of hair time positions shall be for one (1) year at a time.	
Article/Sectio	Article 32: Extra Duty Compensation	
n	Human Resources Management: Compensation	
П	See Extra Duty Compensation schedule in Article 32	
Article		
Summary	Various tables that specify compensation levels for activities that include: substitute pay, hourly	
	rates, activity salaries with steps and schedules.	

School's Replacement Policy	 The School has the authority to determine its own compensation structure for additional work. The School has the authority to establish its own compensation system to provide stipends as necessary for all employees. JSS will meet or exceed the rates of pay set in the DPS/DCTA Collective Bargaining Agreement. The principal, in consultation with the SGB, will determine extra duty compensation rates for extended day and year as well as any new or additional roles and responsibilities and merit pay. School leadership will work with the DPS HR department to ensure that all necessary processes are followed in these areas and is consistent with the innovation plan. In no event shall this determination be made later than March 15th for the following school year
CBA Article/Sectio	Article 7: Grievance Policy Teaching: Human Resources Management
Article Summary	6 pages. Sections include: 1. Definitions, Purpose, Procedure (Level 1, Level 2, Level 3 Mediation/arbitration), Rights of teachers to representation, miscellaneous
School's Replacement Policy	The school shall maintain the following Grievance Policy: 7-1 Definitions. 7-1-1 A "grievance" shall mean a written complaint by a school staff member that there has been a violation, a misinterpretation, or inequitable application of any of the provisions of the School's Employment Contract or the School's Employee Handbook. 7-1-2 Unless provided otherwise in this Agreement, all administrative procedures, practices and written personnel policies that affect staff are grievable. 7-1-3 The term "grievance" shall not apply to any matter as to which (1) the method of review is prescribed by law, (2) the Board is without authority to act, or (3) a grievance is specifically

Information. The School agrees to make available to the aggrieved person and the aggrieved person's representative, all pertinent information not privileged under law, in its possession or control, and which is relevant to the issues raised by the grievance. The grievant agrees to make available to the School and its representatives, all pertinent information not privileged under law in its possession or control, and which is relevant to the issue raised by the grievant.

Timing. No grievance shall be recognized by the District or the School unless it is presented at the appropriate level within fifteen (15) school days after the aggrieved person knew, or should have known, of the act or condition on which the grievance is based. No grievance shall be recognized at Level Two unless it is filed with the Department of Human Resources within at least twenty (20) school days after the act or condition upon which it is based occurred. Grievances not timely presented will be considered as waived.

7-3-1 Level One. A grievance first will be discussed with the aggrieved person's principal to attempt to resolve the matter informally, at which time the aggrieved person (1) may discuss the grievance personally, (2) may be accompanied by a District Human Resource Representative, or (3) may request that the District Human Resource Representative act on behalf of the aggrieved person. No written documentation of the grievance or administrative response will be required if the grievance is settled at Level One.

7-3-2 If the aggrieved person is not satisfied with the results of the informal conference, the aggrieved person may then file a grievance in writing on the proper form with the principal or supervisor within seven (7) school days. The grievance must refer to the specific Articles of the Employment Contract and/or School Handbook and explain how they were violated and indicate the reason why the Level One decision is unsatisfactory. The principal shall also have the opportunity to provide comment related to the Level One in writing. The grievant shall send a copy of the written grievance and the principal response to the Department of Human Resources. All known documentation related to the grievance must be provided prior to the Level Two meeting.

7-3-3 Level Two. The Human Resources Director or Instructional Superintendent will go to the school and meet with the teacher and principal to facilitate a resolution. Such meeting will take place within seven (7) school days after receipt of the written grievance by the Department of Human Resources. Any resolution determined by the Human Resources Director or Instructional Superintendent will be considered final.

7-4 Miscellaneous. If the time limits for processing a grievance are not met by the administrator responding to the grievance, the grievance may be moved to the next level at the request of the aggrieved. The Department of Human Resources may take appropriate action on whether to grant the grievant's requested remedy based on its review of the situation.

State Statute Waivers			
WAIVER REQUESTS – COLORADO STATE STATUTES			
School Proposal	Section 22-32-109(1)(f): Local Board Duties Concerning Selection of Personnel and Pay	Leadership: Human Resource Management: Teacher Evaluations	
Policy	22-32-109. Board of education - specific duties. (1)each board of education shall have and perform the following specific duties: (f) (I) To employ all personnel required to maintain the operations and carry out the educational program of the district and to fix and order paid their compensationA board of a district of innovationmay delegate the duty specified in this paragraph (f) to an innovation school,		
Replacement Policy	Pursuant to state law, the DPS board will delegate the duty specified in this paragraph to the innovation school. The principal, in consultation with the SGB, will select classroom teachers directly and rates of pay will be at or above the district schedule. For all unique job descriptions the Principal in consultation with the SGB shall determine the rate of pay during the budget cycle each Spring for the following year.		
School Proposal	Section 22-32-109(1)(g): Handling of Money	Teaching: Human Resource Management: Staff Hiring, Compensation	
Policy	(g) To require any employee or other person who may receive into his custody moneys which properly belong to the district to deliver such moneys to the treasurer of the district, or to deposit such moneys in a depository designated by the board;		
Replacement Policy	 The School has the authority to manage its receipt of money and will meet performance expectations provided by the District. In accordance with the innovation plan, the school may receive moneys and deposit such moneys into a school account. The School will establish an account to manage receipt of locally raised money and will have autonomy in making deposits in and withdrawals from the account when such actions are taken to further the academic achievement of students at the school. The school will account for all moneys that it receives directly and will report to the DPS board by providing quarterly trial balances to their DPS budget partner. 		
School Proposal	Section 22-32-109(1)(n)(I): Schedule and Calendar	Governance: Budget	
Policy	(n) (I) To determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time which the schools of the district shall be in session during the next following school year, but in no event shall said schools be scheduled to have fewer than one thousand eighty hours of planned teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact during the school year for secondary school pupils in high school, middle school, or junior high school or less than nine hundred ninety hours of such instruction and contact for elementary school pupils or fewer than four hundred fifty hours of such instruction for a half-day kindergarten program or fewer than nine hundred hours of such instruction for a full-day kindergarten program. In no case shall a school be in session for fewer		

education. In extraordinary circumstances, if it appears to the satisfaction of the commissione that compliance with the provisions of this subparagraph (I) would require the scheduling of hours of instruction and contact at a time when pupil attendance will be low and the benefits pupils of holding such hours of instruction will be minimal in relation to the cost thereof, the commissioner may waive the provisions of this subparagraph (I) upon application therefore by	r			
pupils of holding such hours of instruction will be minimal in relation to the cost thereof, the commissioner may waive the provisions of this subparagraph (I) upon application therefore by				
commissioner may waive the provisions of this subparagraph (I) upon application therefore by				
the board of education of the district.				
The School has the authority to determine its own annual calendar and daily schedule, provide	The School has the authority to determine its own annual calendar and daily schedule, provided			
it meets or exceeds minimum statutory requirements.				
 School has the authority to determine the number of professional development days, 				
days off, and late starts/early release days.				
Policy In accordance with the innovation plan, the school's principal, in consultation with the SGB shall determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school w be in session during the next school year.				
	The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or			
	exceed the minimum hours set by the district and state for public instruction.			
School Section 22-32-109 (1)(n)(II)(A): Actual Hours of Educational Program: Calendar and Schedule				
(II) (A) The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact specified in				
subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (n) may be reduced to no fewer than one thousand fifty-six hours for secondary school pupils, no fewer than nine hundred sixty eight hours for elementar school pupils, no fewer than four hundred thirty-five hours for half-day kindergarten pupils, or				
	no fewer than eight hundred seventy hours for full-day kindergarten pupils, for parent-teacher			
conferences, staff in-service programs, and closing deemed by the board to be necessary for the health, safety, or welfare of students.	conferences, staff in-service programs, and closing deemed by the board to be necessary for the health, safety, or welfare of students.			
The School has the authority to determine teacher pupil contact, which will meet or exceed th	e			
minimum standards of the District and state.				
• In accordance with the innovation plan, the principal, in consultation with the SGB sha	In accordance with the innovation plan, the principal, in consultation with the SGB shall			
	determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in			
Replacement determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year.				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year. • The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year. • The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or exceed the minimum hours set by the district and state for public instruction.				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year. • The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or exceed the minimum hours set by the district and state for public instruction. School Section 22-32-109 (1)(n)(II)(B): School Educational Program:				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year. • The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or exceed the minimum hours set by the district and state for public instruction. School Proposal Section 22-32-109 (1)(n)(II)(B): School Calendar Calendar and Schedule				
Policy determine, prior to the end of a school year, the length of time the school will be in session during the next school year. • The actual hours of teacher-pupil instruction and teacher-pupil contact shall meet or exceed the minimum hours set by the district and state for public instruction. School Section 22-32-109 (1)(n)(II)(B): School Educational Program:				

	The School has the authority to create its own an	nual calondar	
	The School has the authority to create its own annual calendar.		
	The School's annual calendar will meet or exceed the minimum standards for the District and State.		
		he school year, the principal, in consultation	
	with the SGB, will determine the followin		
		nd state determinations of the length of time	
	during which schools shall be in session d	_	
	_	ought prior to scheduling in-service programs	
Replacement	and other non-student contact days. This		
Policy	·	school. All calendars shall include planned work	
	dates for required staff in-service prograr	ns. Any change in the calendar except for	
	emergency closings or other unforeseen	circumstances shall be preceded by adequate	
	and timely notice of no less than 30 days.		
	 A copy of the upcoming school-year caler 	ndar and school day schedule shall be provided	
	to all parents/guardians of students who are currently enrolled.		
	 The approved upcoming school year calendar and school day hours will be placed on the 		
	school's website prior to May 1 of the prior academic year and a copy shall be provided		
	to the school's Instructional Superintendent.		
School	Section 22-32-109(1)(t): Determine	Educational Program:	
Proposal	Educational Program and Prescribe Textbooks	Calendar and Schedule	
Policy	(t) To determine the educational programs to be carried on in the schools of the district and to		
	prescribe the textbooks for any course of instruct		
	The DPS Board authorizes the school to develop a		
	mission and vision of the school and enables the school to implement the innovation plan.		
	The school's curriculum will provide a program of instruction that enables students to meet or exceed the CCSS and CAS. The school will regularly evaluate its education program and make		
	changes to curriculum content, instruction, and assessments.		
	Curriculum development will be carried out by school personnel, consistent with the		
	school's innovation plan, using all available resources, including replacement core		
Replacement	instructional textbooks where textbook waivers are granted.		
Policy	The school curriculum will provide a program of instruction that enables students to		
	meet or exceed the CCSS and CAS. The school will regularly evaluate its education		
	program and make changes to curriculum content, instruction, and assessments.		
	The district will evaluate the impact of the school's education program as part of its 3		
	year review of the school's innovation plan in addition to the annual UIP review by the		
	CSC.		
	 Substantive interim changes must be app 	roved by the Principal and District Staff.	
School	Section 22-32-109(1)(aa): Adopt Content		
Proposal	Standards and Plan for Implementation of	Education Program	
. Toposar	Content Standards		

	(aa) To adopt content standards and a plan for implementation of such content standards		
Policy			
Replacement Policy	pursuant to the provisions of section 22-7-407; The DPS Board authorizes the school to develop an educational program that aligns to the mission and vision of the school and enables the school to implement the innovation plan. The school's curriculum will provide a program of instruction that enables students to meet or exceed the CCSS and CAS. The school will regularly evaluate its education program and make changes to curriculum content, instruction, and assessments. • Curriculum development will be carried out by school personnel, consistent with the school's innovation plan, using all available resources, including replacement core instructional textbooks where textbook waivers are granted. • The school curriculum will provide a program of instruction that enables students to meet or exceed the CCSS and CAS. The school will regularly evaluate its education program and make changes to curriculum content, instruction, and assessments. • The district will evaluate the impact of the school's education program as part of its 3 year review of the school's innovation plan in addition to the annual UIP review by the		
	SGB.Substantive interim changes must be approved by the Principal and District Staff.		
School	Section 22-32-109(1)(jj): Identify Areas in		
Proposal	which the Principal/s Require Training or Development Education Program		
	(jj) To identify any areas in which one or more of the principals of the schools of the school		
	district require further training or development. The board of education shall contract for or		
Policy	otherwise assist the identified principals in participating in professional development programs		
	to assist the identified principals in improving their skills in the identified areas.		
	In accordance with the innovation plan, the Principal will participate in district-provided		
	coaching and professional development except when such coaching or professional		
	development contradicts the successful implementation of the innovation plan and/or the		
	mission /vision of the school.		
	In determining the Principal's PD and coaching schedule, the Instructional Superintendent		
	will collaborate with the Principal to ensure that district PD and coaching supports the school		
Replacement	leader and/or leadership team in implementing the goals of the innovation plan.		
Policy	 The standard district offered professional development for members of the Professional Development team will be attended in the instances in which it supports the implementation of the innovation plan and/or the mission and vision of the school. District professional development for teachers, teacher leaders, and other instructional or operational leaders at PBA will be attended when the school's principal determines that such professional development is in the best interest of the school to successfully implement the innovation plan. 		

School Proposal	22-32-110(1)(ee) Local Board Powers-Employ teachers' aides and other noncertificated personnel	Teaching: Human Resource Management: Professional Development	
Policy	 (1) In addition to any other power granted to a board of education of a school district by law, each board of education of a school district shall have the following specific powers, to be exercised in its judgment: (ee) To employ on a voluntary or paid basis teachers' aides and other auxiliary, nonlicensed personnel to assist licensed personnel in the provision of services related to instruction or supervision of children and to provide compensation for such services rendered from any funds available for such purpose, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 		
Replacement Policy	The DPS board grants autonomy to the principal, in consultation with the SGB, to make staffing decisions consistent with waivers for district policies GCF and GDF. The school may employ non-licensed personnel to provide instruction or supervision of children that is supplemental to the core academic program and incompliance with NCLB HQT requirements.		
School Proposal	22-32-110(1)(h): Local Board Powers Concerning Employment Termination of School Personnel	Teaching: Human Resource Management: Hiring Teacher Aides	
Policy	(1) In addition to any other power granted to a board of education of a school district by law, each board of education of a school district shall have the following specific powers, to be exercised in its judgment: (h) To discharge or otherwise terminate the employment of any personnel. A board of a district of innovation, as defined in section 22-32.5-103 (2), may delegate the power specified in this paragraph (h) to an innovation school, as defined in section 22-32.5-103 (3), or to a school in an innovation school zone, as defined in section 22-32.5-103 (4).		
Replacement Policy	In accordance with the innovation plan, the DPS to the school leader. All processes for dismissal r in District policy GDQD and regulation GDQD-R.		
School Proposal	22-32-126: Employment and authority of principals	Teaching: Human Resource Management: Staff Dismissals	
Policy	22-32-126. (1) The board of education may employ through written contract public school principals who shall hold valid principal licenses or authorizations and who shall supervise the operation and management of the school and such property as the board shall determine necessary. (2) The principal shall assume the administrative responsibility and instructional leadership, under the supervision of the superintendent and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the board of education, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the educational program of the schools to which he is assigned. (3) The principal shall submit recommendations to the superintendent regarding the appointment, assignment, promotion, transfer, and dismissal of all personnel assigned to the school under his supervision.		

(4) The principal shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the superintendent pursuant to the rules and regulations of the board of education. (5) (a) The principal or the principal's designee shall communicate discipline information concerning any student enrolled in the school to any teacher who has direct contact with the student in the classroom and to any counselor who has direct contact with the student. Any teacher or counselor who receives information under this subsection (5) shall maintain the confidentiality of the information and does not have authority to communicate the information to any other person. (b) Each school district shall include in its discipline code adopted in accordance with section 22-32-110 (2)procedures to inform the student and the student's parent or guardian when disciplinary information is communicated and to provide a copy of the disciplinary information to the student and the student's parent or guardian. The discipline code shall also establish procedures to allow the student and the student's parent or guardian to challenge the accuracy of the disciplinary information. In the event of a change in leadership, the priority is maintaining building leadership that supports the mission and vision of the school and ensures that student achievement is supported. Members of the school community, including staff, parents and community members will be involved in the principal hiring process. Principal candidates are provided to the SGB and superintendent or his/her designee from the district's principal hiring pool using the LEAD in Denver evaluation process. The district superintendent or his/her designee will manage the principal selection School's process and collaborate with the SGB in recommending at least three final Replacement candidates to the superintendent for hiring. **Policy** The superintendent (or his/her representative) may redirect the SGB and his/her designee to continue the search for better qualified candidates should none of the proposed candidates meets his/her approval. In the event that the principal position is vacant, the superintendent (or his/her representative) may appoint an interim principal until such a time that the above described hiring process results in a principal candidate that is agreeable to the SGB and the Superintendent or his/her designee. Interviews and selection follow the DPS Human Resource hiring procedures. **Teacher Employment, Compensation and** School Dismissal Act of 1990 Section 22-63-Leadership: Proposal 201: Employment - License Required -Management **Exception** (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, the board of a school district shall not enter into an employment contract with any person as a teacher, except in a junior Policy college district or in an adult education program, unless such person holds an initial or a professional teacher's license or authorization issued pursuant to the provisions of article 60.5 of this title.

(2) (a) The general assembly hereby recognizes that many persons with valuable professional expertise in areas other than teaching provide a great benefit to students through their experience and functional knowledge when hired by a school district. To facilitate the employment of these persons and comply with the requirements of federal law, the general assembly has statutory provisions to create an alternative teacher license and alternative teacher programs to enable school districts to employ persons with expertise in professions other than teaching. These provisions enable a school district to employ a person with professional expertise in a particular subject area, while ensuring that the person receives the necessary training and develops the necessary skills to be a highly qualified teacher. The general assembly strongly encourages each school district to hire persons who hold alternative teacher licenses to provide a wide range of experience in teaching and functional subject matter knowledge for the benefit of the students enrolled in the school district. (b) A school district may hire a person who holds an alternative teacher license to teach as an alternative teacher pursuant to an alternative teacher contract as described in section 22-60.5-207. (3) The board of a school district may enter into an employment contract with any person to serve as an administrator based upon qualifications set by the board of the school district. Nothing in this article shall be construed to require that an administrator, as a condition of employment, possess any type of license or authorization issued pursuant to article 60.5 of this title. The school will employ highly qualified and licensed teachers for teaching of core content pursuant to the federal ESEA Act (in conjunction with the District's ESEA Flexibility Request). Core content teachers that are the primary provider of instruction will be highly qualified in their particular content area(s), Language Arts; Math; Science; Foreign language; Social Studies (Civics, Government, History, Geography, Economics); Replacement Arts (Visual Arts, Music). The school will otherwise meet all Title III licensing **Policy** expectations. The school may employ non-licensed teachers for supplemental and enrichment instruction consistent with the innovation plan. The DPS board may enter into employment contracts with non-licensed teachers and/or administrators at the school as necessary to implement the school's innovation plan. **Teacher Employment, Compensation and** Teaching: School Dismissal Act of 1990 Section 22-63-**Human Resource Management: Hiring and Proposal** 202: Contracts in Writing Duration Damage **Teacher Qualifications Provision** (1) Except for a part-time or substitute teacher, every employment contract entered into by any teacher or chief administrative officer for the performance of services for a school district shall be in writing. Policy (2) (a) A teacher or chief administrative officer and the board may mutually agree to terminate the teacher's or chief administrative officer's employment contract at any time. (b) Each employment contract executed pursuant to this section shall contain a provision stating

- that a teacher or chief administrative officer shall not terminate his or her employment contract with the board without the agreement of the board unless:
- (I) If the teacher or chief administrative officer intends to terminate his or her employment contract for the succeeding academic year, the teacher or chief administrative officer gives written notice to the board of his or her intent no later than thirty days prior to the commencement of the succeeding academic year or, if a school district operates an alternative year program, not less than thirty days before the commencement of services under the employment contract; or
- (II) If the teacher or chief administrative officer intends to terminate his or her employment contract for the current academic year after the beginning of the academic year, the teacher or chief administrative officer shall give written notice to the board of his or her intent at least thirty days prior to the date that the teacher or chief administrative officer intends to stop performing the services required by the employment contract.
- (b.5) Each employment contract executed pursuant to this section shall contain a provision stating that a teacher or chief administrative officer shall accept the terms of the employment contract for the succeeding academic year within thirty days of receipt of the contract, unless the teacher or chief administrative officer and the district have reached an alternative agreement. If a teacher or chief administrative officer does not accept the terms of the employment contract within thirty days of receipt, the district shall be authorized to open the position to additional candidates.
- (c) Each employment contract executed pursuant to this section shall contain a damages provision whereby a teacher or chief administrative officer who violates the provision required by paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) without good cause shall agree to pay damages to the school district, and the board thereof shall be authorized to collect or withhold damages from compensation due or payable to the teacher or chief administrative officer, in an amount equal to the lessor of:
- (I) The ordinary and necessary expenses of a board to secure the services of a suitable replacement teacher or chief administrative officer; or
- (II) One-twelfth of the annual salary specified in the employment contract.
- (c.5) (I) The general assembly finds that, for the fair evaluation of a principal based on the demonstrated effectiveness of his or her teachers, the principal needs the ability to select teachers who have demonstrated effectiveness and have demonstrated qualifications and teaching experience that support the instructional practices of his or her school. Therefore, each employment contract executed pursuant to this section shall contain a provision stating that a teacher may be assigned to a particular school only with the consent of the hiring principal and with input from at least two teachers employed at the school and chosen by the faculty of teachers at the school to represent them in the hiring process, and after a review of the teacher's demonstrated effectiveness and qualifications, which review demonstrates that the teacher's qualifications and teaching experience support the instructional practices of his or her school.
- (II) Repealed.

- (III) (A) Any active non-probationary teacher who was deemed effective during the prior school year and has not secured a mutual consent placement shall be a member of a priority hiring pool, which priority hiring pool shall ensure the non-probationary teacher a first opportunity to interview for a reasonable number of available positions for which he or she is qualified in the school district.
- (B) When a determination is made that a non-probationary teacher's services are no longer required for the reasons set forth in subparagraph (VII) of this paragraph (c.5), the non-probationary teacher shall be notified of his or her removal from the school. In making decisions pursuant to this paragraph (c.5), a school district shall work with its local teachers association to develop policies for the local school board to adopt. If no teacher association exists in the school district, the school district shall create an eight-person committee consisting of four school district members and four teachers, which committee shall develop such policies. Upon notice to the non-probationary teacher, the school district shall immediately provide the non-probationary teacher with a list of all vacant positions for which he or she is qualified, as well as a list of vacancies in any area identified by the school district to be an area of critical need. An application for a vacancy shall be made to the principal of a listed school, with a copy of the application provided by the non-probationary teacher to the school district. When a principal recommends appointment of a non-probationary teacher applicant to a vacant position, the non-probationary teacher shall be transferred to that position.
- (C) This subparagraph (III) shall take effect at such time as the performance evaluation system based on quality standards established pursuant to this section and the rules promulgated by the state board pursuant to section 22-9-105.5 has completed the initial phase of implementation and has been implemented statewide. The commissioner shall provide notice of such implementation to the revisor of statutes on or before July 1, 2014, and each July 1 thereafter until statewide implementation occurs.
- (IV) If a non-probationary teacher is unable to secure a mutual consent assignment at a school of the school district after twelve months or two hiring cycles, whichever period is longer, the school district shall place the teacher on unpaid leave until such time as the teacher is able to secure an assignment. If the teacher secures an assignment at a school of the school district while placed on unpaid leave, the school district shall reinstate the teacher's salary and benefits at the level they would have been if the teacher had not been placed on unpaid leave.
- (V) Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of a school district to place a teacher in a twelve-month assignment or other limited-term assignments, including, but not limited to, a teaching assignment, substitute assignment, or instructional support role during the period in which the teacher is attempting to secure an assignment through school-based hiring. Such an assignment shall not constitute an assignment through school-based hiring and shall not be deemed to interrupt the period in which the teacher is required to secure an assignment through school-based hiring before the district shall place the teacher on unpaid leave.
- (VI) The provisions of this paragraph (c.5) may be waived in whole or in part for a renewable four-year period by the state board of education pursuant to <u>section 22-2-117</u>, provided that the local school board applying for the waiver, in conjunction with the superintendent and teachers

association in a district that has an operating master employment contract, if applicable, demonstrates that the waiver is in the best interest of students enrolled in the school district, supports the equitable distribution of effective teachers, and will not result in placement other than by mutual consent of the teacher in a school district or public school that is required to implement a priority improvement plan or turnaround plan pursuant to article 11 of this title. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph (c.5), a waiver shall not be granted for a request that extends the time for securing an assignment through school-based hiring for more than two years.

- (VII) This paragraph (c.5) shall apply to any teacher who is displaced as a result of drop in enrollment; turnaround; phase-out; reduction in program; or reduction in building, including closure, consolidation, or reconstitution.
- (d) The department of education may suspend the license, endorsement, or authorization of a teacher or chief administrative officer who fails to provide the notice required by paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) and who abandons, fails, or refuses to perform required services pursuant to an employment contract, without good cause.
- (3) A teacher may be suspended temporarily during the contractual period until the date of dismissal as ordered by the board pursuant to section 22-63-302 or may have his or her employment contract cancelled during the contractual period when there is a justifiable decrease in the number of teaching positions. The manner in which employment contracts will be cancelled when there is a justifiable decrease in the number of teaching positions shall be included in any contract between the board of education of the school district and school district employees or in an established policy of the board, which contract or policy shall include the criteria described in section 22-9-106 as significant factors in determining which employment contracts to cancel as a result of the decrease in teaching positions. Effective February 15, 2012, the contract or policy shall include consideration of probationary and non-probationary status and the number of years a teacher has been teaching in the school district; except that these criteria may be considered only after the consideration of the criteria described in section 22-9-106 and only if the contract or policy is in the best interest of the students enrolled in the school district.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 24-72-204 (3) (a), C.R.S., upon a request from a school district or a school concerning a person applying for a position as a teacher, a school district may disclose to the requesting school district or school the reason or reasons why a teacher left employment with the original school district. Upon the specific request of a school district at which a teacher has applied for employment, a school district may disclose any pertinent performance record or disciplinary record of a teacher that specifically relates to any negligent action of the teacher that was found to have endangered the safety and security of a student or any disciplinary record that relates to behavior by the teacher that was found to have contributed to a student's violation of the school district's conduct and discipline code. The information disclosed pursuant to this paragraph (a) shall only be disclosed to personnel authorized to review the personnel file in the school district or school and to the person applying for a position as a teacher.

	(b) No employment contract executed pursuant to this section shall contain a provision that restricts or prohibits a school district from disclosing to another school district or school the reason or reasons why a teacher left employment with the original school district or from disclosing to another school district any of the teacher's disciplinary or performance records pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (4).		
Replacement Policy	 The School has authority to issue its own employment offer letters. The district HR office will work with the school to ensure teacher contracts are consistent with the approved innovation plan. All teachers are hired on annual contracts. Annual contracts shall be maintained as long as the teacher continues to receive effective or distinguished ratings. Teachers on annual contracts may be dismissed mid-year for cause. Mid-year termination of teachers will follow the dismissal procedures outlined in the DPS policy GDQD and GDQD-R. All contracts will be in writing. The school will provide contract language to the district. 		
School Proposal	Teacher Employment, Compensation and Dismissal Act of 1990 Section 22-63- 203: Renewal and Nonrenewal of Employment Contract	Teaching: Human Resource Management: Hiring, Contracts and Employment Offer Letters	
Statute Description	(1) (a) Except as provided for in paragraph (b) of this subsection (1), the provisions of this section shall apply only to probationary teachers and shall no longer apply when the teacher has been reemployed for the fourth year, except as provided for in paragraph (a.5) of subsection (4) of this section. This paragraph (a) is repealed, effective July 1, 2014. (b) For any school district that has implemented the performance evaluation system based on quality standards pursuant to section 22-9-106 and the rules adopted by the state board pursuant to section 22-9-105.5, the provisions of this section shall apply only to probationary teachers and shall no longer apply when the teacher has been granted non-probationary status as a result of three consecutive years of demonstrated effectiveness, as determined through his or her performance evaluations and continuous employment. (2) (a) During the first three school years that a teacher is employed on a full-time continuous basis by a school district, such teacher shall be considered to be a probationary teacher whose employment contract may be subject to nonrenewal in accordance with subsection (4) of this		

	section. A school district may also consider a teacher employed on a part-time continuous basis		
	by such district and by a board of cooperative services to be a probationary teacher whose contract may be subject to nonrenewal in accordance with subsection (4) of this section. An		
	employment contract with a probationary teacher shall not exceed one school year.		
	Teachers are hired on an annual contract. Annual contract status may be maintained a		
School's	long as the teacher continues to receive effective	•	
Replacement	office will work with the school to ensure teache	-	
Policy			
6.11	approved innovation plan. Teacher Employment, Compensation and Dismissal Teaching:		
School	Act of 1990 Section 22-63-206: Transfer of Teachers –	Human Resources Management:	
Proposal	Compensation	Dismissals	
	(1) A teacher may be transferred upon the recommenda	ation of the chief administrative officer of	
	a school district from one school, position, or grade leve	el to another within the school district, if	
	such transfer does not result in the assignment of the te	eacher to a position of employment for	
	which he or she is not qualified by virtue of academic pr	eparation and certification and if, during	
	the then current school year, the amount of salary of such teacher is not reduced except as		
	otherwise provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section. There shall be no discrimination		
	shown toward any teacher in the assignment or transfer of that teacher to a school, position, or		
	grade because of sex, sexual orientation, marital status, race, creed, color, religion, national		
	origin, ancestry, or membership or non-membership in any group or organization.		
	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, a teacher who has been		
	occupying an administrative position may be assigned to another position for which he or she is		
.	qualified if a vacancy exists in such position, and, if so as		
Statute	the position. If the school district has adopted a general		
Description	schedule and policy, the board may consider the years o		
	was occupying the administrative position when the boateacher on the schedule for the assigned position.	ard determines where to place the	
	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the salary of a teacher who		
	has received additional compensation for the performance of additional duties may be reduced		
	if said teacher has been relieved of such additional duties.		
	(4) A teacher may enter into an agreement for an economic work-learn program leave of		
	absence with a board of education that shall not affect the teacher's employment status,		
	position on the salary schedule if the school district has adopted a general salary schedule or		
	combination salary schedule and policy, or insurance and retirement benefits.		
	(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a receiving school to involuntarily		
	accept the transfer of a teacher. All transfers to position	s at other schools of the school district	
	shall require the consent of the receiving school.		
School's	The school may refuse direct placements or man	ndatory transfers of teachers from the	
Replacement	district. District teachers who are qualified for a vacant position at the school m		
Policy	for the position, and, if hired, will be compensated with a salary corresponding to the		
· chej	position and the years of service.		

		Tooching	
School	Teacher Employment, Compensation and Dismissal	Teaching:	
Proposal	Act of 1990 Section 22-63-301: Grounds for Dismissal		
		Placement of Teachers	
	A teacher may be dismissed for physical or mental disability, incompetency, neglect of duty,		
	immorality, unsatisfactory performance, insubordination, the conviction of a felony or the		
D. II.	acceptance of a guilty plea, a plea of nolo contendere, o	or a deferred sentence for a felony, or	
Policy	other good and just cause. No teacher shall be dismissed for temporary illness, leave of absence		
	previously approved by the board, or military leave of a	bsence pursuant to article 3 of title 28,	
	C.R.S.		
	All teachers are hired on annual contracts. Annual contract status may be maintained.		
Damlassant	long as the teacher continues to receive effective		
Replacement	Annual contracts can be non-renewed at the er	·	
Policy	 In all situations related to teacher dismissal, a to 	·	
	dismissed for cause in accordance with the disn	nissal policies outlined in the replacement	
	policy for 22-63-302.		
	Teacher Employment, Compensation and Dismissal	Toaching	
School	Act of 1990 Section 22-63-302: Procedure for	Teaching:	
Proposal	dismissal - judicial review	Human Resource Management:	
		Dismissals	
	(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (11) of this section, a	teacher shall be dismissed in the manner	
	prescribed by subsections (2) to (10) of this section.		
	(2) The chief administrative officer of the employing school district may recommend that the board dismiss a teacher		
	based upon one or more of the grounds stated in <u>section 22-63-301</u> . If such a recommendation is made to the board,		
	the chief administrative officer, within three days after the board meeting at which the recommendation is made, shall		
	mail a written notice of intent to dismiss to the teacher. The notice of intent to dismiss shall include a copy of the reasons for dismissal, a copy of this article, and all exhibits which the chief administrative officer intends to submit in		
	support of his or her prima facie case against the teacher including a list of witnesses to be called by the chief		
	administrative officer, addresses and telephone numbers of the witnesses, and all pertinent documentation in the		
	possession of the chief administrative officer relative to the circumstances surrounding the charges. Additional		
	witnesses and exhibits in support of the chief administrative officer's prima facie case may be added as provided in		
	subsection (6) of this section. The notice and copy of the charges sh		
Statute her address last known to the secretary of the board. The notice shall advise the teacher of his o		all advise the teacher of his or her rights and the	
Description	procedures under this section. (3) If a teacher objects to the grounds given for the dismissal, the teacher may file with the chief administrative officer		
	a written notice of objection and a request for a hearing. Such written notice shall be filed within five working days		
	after receipt by the teacher of the notice of dismissal. If the teacher fails to file the written notice within said time,		
	such failure shall be deemed to be a waiver of the right to a hearing and the dismissal shall be final; except that the		
	board of education may grant a hearing upon a determination that the failure to file written notice for a hearing was		
	due to good cause. If the teacher files a written notice of objection, the teacher shall continue to receive regular		
	compensation from the time the board received the dismissal recommendation from the chief administrative officer		
	pursuant to subsection (2) of this section until the board acts on the hearing officer's recommendation pursuant to subsection (9) of this section, but in no event beyond one hundred days; except that the teacher shall not receive		
	regular compensation upon being charged criminally with an offens		
	authorization is required to be denied, annulled, suspended, or revoked due to a conviction, pursuant to section 22-		
	60.5-107 (2.5) or (2.6). If the final disposition of the case does not result in a conviction and the teacher has not been		
	dismissed pursuant to the provisions of this section, the board shall reinstate the teacher, effective as of the date of		

the final disposition of the case. Within ten days after the reinstatement, the board shall provide the teacher with back pay and lost benefits and shall restore lost service credit.

- (4) (a) If the teacher requests a hearing, it shall be conducted before an impartial hearing officer selected jointly by the teacher and the chief administrative officer. The hearing officer shall be selected no later than five working days following the receipt by the chief administrative officer of the teacher's written notice of objection. If the teacher and the chief administrative officer fail to agree on the selection of a hearing officer, they shall request assignment of an administrative law judge by the department of personnel to act as the hearing officer.
- (b) Hearing officers shall be impartial individuals with experience in the conducting of hearings and with experience in labor or employment matters.
- (c) Expenses of the hearing officer shall be paid from funds of the school district.
- (5) (a) Within three working days after selection, the hearing officer shall set the date of the prehearing conference and the date of the hearing, which shall commence within the following thirty days. The hearing officer shall give the teacher and the chief administrative officer written notice of the dates for the prehearing conference and for the hearing including the time and the place therefor.
- (b) One of the purposes of the prehearing conference shall be to limit, to the extent possible, the amount of evidence to be presented at the hearing.
- (c) The parties and their counsel shall be required to attend the prehearing conference with the hearing officer.
- (6) (a) Within ten days after selection of the hearing officer, the teacher shall provide to the chief administrative officer a copy of all exhibits to be presented at the hearing and a list of all witnesses to be called, including the addresses and telephone numbers of the witnesses. Within seven days after the teacher submits his or her exhibits and witness list, the chief administrative officer and the teacher may supplement their exhibits and witness lists. After completion of the seven-day period, additional witnesses and exhibits may not be added except upon a showing of good cause.
- (b) Neither party shall be allowed to take depositions of the other party's witnesses or to submit interrogatories to the other party. The affidavit of a witness may be introduced into evidence if such witness is unavailable at the time of the hearing.
- (7) (a) Hearings held pursuant to this section shall be open to the public unless either the teacher or the chief administrative officer requests a private hearing before the hearing officer, but no findings of fact or recommendations shall be adopted by the hearing officer in any private hearing. The procedures for the conduct of the hearing shall be informal, and rules of evidence shall not be strictly applied except as necessitated in the opinion of the hearing officer; except that the hearing officer shall comply with the Colorado rules of evidence in excluding hearsay testimony.
- (b) The hearing officer may receive or reject evidence and testimony, administer oaths, and, if necessary, subpoena witnesses.
- (c) At any hearing, the teacher has the right to appear in person with or without counsel, to be heard and to present testimony of witnesses and all evidence bearing upon his proposed dismissal, and to cross-examine witnesses. By entering an appearance on behalf of the teacher or the chief administrative officer, counsel agrees to be prepared to commence the hearing within the time limitations of this section and to proceed expeditiously once the hearing has begun. All school district records pertaining to the teacher shall be made available for the use of the hearing officer or the teacher.
- (d) An audiotaped record shall be made of the hearing, and, if the teacher files an action for review pursuant to the provisions of subsection (10) of this section, the teacher and the school district shall share equally in the cost of transcribing the record; except that, if a party is awarded attorney fees and costs pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of this section, that party shall be reimbursed for that party's share of the transcript costs by the party against whom attorney fees and costs were awarded.
- (e) Any hearing held pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be completed within six working days after commencement, unless extended by the hearing officer on a showing of good cause, and neither party shall have more than three days to present its case in chief. Neither party may present more than ten witnesses at the hearing, except upon a showing of good cause.
- (8) The chief administrative officer shall have the burden of proving that the recommendation for the dismissal of the teacher was for the reasons given in the notice of dismissal and that the dismissal was made in accordance with the

provisions of this article. Where unsatisfactory performance is a ground for dismissal, the chief administrative officer shall establish that the teacher had been evaluated pursuant to the written system to evaluate licensed personnel adopted by the school district pursuant to section 22-9-106. The hearing officer shall review the evidence and testimony and make written findings of fact thereon. The hearing officer shall make only one of the two following recommendations: The teacher be dismissed or the teacher be retained. A recommendation to retain a teacher shall not include any conditions on retention. The findings of fact and the recommendation shall be issued by the hearing officer not later than twenty days after the conclusion of the hearing and shall be forwarded to said teacher and to the board.

- (9) The board shall review the hearing officer's findings of fact and recommendation, and it shall enter its written order within twenty days after the date of the hearing officer's findings and recommendation. The board shall take one of the three following actions: The teacher be dismissed; the teacher be retained; or the teacher be placed on a one-year probation; but, if the board dismisses the teacher over the hearing officer's recommendation of retention, the board shall make a conclusion, giving its reasons therefor, which must be supported by the hearing officer's findings of fact, and such conclusion and reasons shall be included in its written order. The secretary of the board shall cause a copy of said order to be given immediately to the teacher and a copy to be entered into the teacher's local file. (10) (a) If the board dismisses the teacher pursuant to the provisions of subsection (9) of this section, the teacher may file an action for review in the court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of this subsection (10), in which action the board shall be made the party defendant. Such action for review shall be heard in an expedited manner and shall be given precedence over all other civil cases, except cases arising under the "Workers' Compensation Act of Colorado", articles 40 to 47 of title 8, C.R.S., and cases arising under the "Colorado Employment Security Act", articles 70 to 82 of title 8, C.R.S.
- (b) An action for review shall be commenced by the service of a copy of the petition upon the board of the school district and filing the same with the court of appeals within twenty-one days after the written order of dismissal made by the board. The petition shall state the grounds upon which the review is sought. After the filing of the action for review in the court of appeals, such action shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by rule 3.1 of the Colorado appellate rules.
- (c) The action for review shall be based upon the record before the hearing officer. The court of appeals shall review such record to determine whether the action of the board was arbitrary or capricious or was legally impermissible.

 (d) In the action for review, if the court of appeals finds a substantial irregularity or error made during the hearing before the hearing officer, the court may remand the case for further hearing.
- (e) Upon request of the teacher, if the teacher is ordered reinstated by the court of appeals, or upon request of the board, if the board's decision to dismiss the teacher is affirmed by the court of appeals, the court of appeals shall determine whether the non-prevailing party's appeal or defense on appeal lacked substantial justification. If the court of appeals determines that the non-prevailing party's appeal or defense on appeal lacked substantial justification, the court of appeals shall determine the amount of and enter a judgment against the non-prevailing party for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred on appeal to the court of appeals. Any judgment entered pursuant to this paragraph (e) may be subject to stay as provided in rule 41.1 of the Colorado appellate rules.
- (f) Further appeal to the supreme court from a determination of the court of appeals may be made only upon a writ of certiorari issued in the discretion of the supreme court. Upon request of the teacher, if the teacher is ordered reinstated by the supreme court, or upon motion of the board, if the board's decision to dismiss is affirmed by the supreme court, the supreme court shall determine whether the non-prevailing party's appeal or defense on appeal to the supreme court lacked substantial justification. If the supreme court determines that the non-prevailing party's appeal or defense on appeal to the supreme court lacked substantial justification, the court shall determine the amount of and enter a judgment against the non-prevailing party for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred on appeal to the supreme court. Any judgment entered pursuant to this paragraph (f) may be subject to stay as provided in rule 41.1 of the Colorado appellate rules.
- (11) (a) The board of a school district may take immediate action to dismiss a teacher, without a hearing, notwithstanding subsections (2) to (10) of this section, pending the final outcome of judicial review or when the time for seeking review has elapsed, when the teacher is convicted, pleads nolo contendere, or receives a deferred sentence for:
- (I) A violation of any law of this state or any counterpart municipal law of this state involving unlawful behavior

	pursuant to any of the following statutory provisions: <u>Sections 18-3-305</u> , <u>18-6-302</u> , and <u>18-6-701, C.R.S.</u> , or <u>section 18-</u>		
	6-301, C.R.S., or part 4 of article 3, part 4 of article 6, and part 4 of article 7 of title 18, C.R.S.; or		
	(II) A violation of any law of this state, any municipality of this state, or the United States involving the illegal sale of		
	controlled substances, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S. (b) A contified copy of the judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction of a conviction, the accentance of a guilty.		
	(b) A certified copy of the judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction of a conviction, the acceptance of a guilty plea, a plea of nolo contendere, or a deferred sentence shall be conclusive evidence for the purposes of this		
	subsection (11).		
Replacement	The School will follow District Policy GDQD as	nd regulation GDQD-R if it is necessary	
Policy	to terminate a teacher's employment during the school year.		
	Teacher Employment, Compensation and Dismissal		
School	Act of 1990 Section 22-63-401:Teachers Subject to	Teaching:	
Proposal	Adopted Salary Schedule	Human Resource Management:	
r r o p o s a r	, raspect salary salication	Dismissals	
	(1) The board of a school district shall adopt by resoluti	on a salary schedule that may be by job	
	description and job definition, a teacher salary policy ba	ased on the level of performance	
	demonstrated by each teacher, or a combination of the	e salary schedule and salary policy. Such	
	salary schedule, salary policy, or combination schedule		
Policy	conjunction with or prior to the adoption of the budget	· · ·	
schedule, policy, or combination schedule and policy shall remain in effect until chan modified by the board. All teachers employed by the district shall be subject to such			
	schedule, policy, or combination schedule and policy. The School will meet or exceed the DPS salary schedule set in the Collective Bargaining		
	•		
	Agreement. The School's Principal, in consultation with		
	supplemental compensation system separate from dist		
Replacement	extra duty pay, and compensating employees based on		
Policy	as, but are not necessarily limited to additional time, ac		
	tutoring, professional development or for performance	·	
	Non-teaching staff will be compensated for any additio	nal hours in accordance with Fair Labor	
	Laws.		
School		Teaching:	
Proposal 22-63-402. Services - disbursements Human Resource Managen			
FTOposai		Compensation	
	No order or warrant for the disbursement of school dis-	trict moneys shall be drawn in favor of	
	any person for services as a teacher, except for services	s performed for a junior college district or	
	in an adult education program, unless the person holds a valid teacher's license or authorization		
	from the department of education. Such license or authorization shall be duly registered in the		
Policy	administrative office of the school district wherein the	, -	
1.1.2			
	shall hold a valid license or authorization during all periods of employment by a school district. A person who performs services as a teacher without possessing a valid teacher's license or		
	authorization shall forfeit all claim to compensation out	_	
	·	·	
	during which services are performed without the licens	e or authorization.	

	The school may employ either licensed or non-licensed teachers for non-core subject areas. A core subject area teachers will be licensed and highly qualified under the requirements of the		
ESEA. School district moneys will be used to pay both licensed and non-licensed tea		•	
Replacement	perform services consistent with the innovation plan.		
Policy	Prior to hiring any person, in accordance with state law the district shall conduct		
	background checks.		
School	22-7-1207:Advancement – decision – parental	Teaching:	
Proposal	involvement	Human Resource Management: Teacher	
Торозаг		License	
	(1) Within 45 days before the end of the school year prior to the student's fourth grade year, a		
	teacher finds that a student has a significant reading de	• • •	
	provider shall provide to the student's parent the writte		
	(a) except for students with disabilities substantially impossible.	pacting their progress developing reading	
	skills; (h) the student is a student with limited English proficie	ancy and the deficiency is due primarily	
	(b) the student is a student with limited English proficiency and the deficiency is due primarily to the student's language skills;		
	(c) the student is completing a second school year at the	e same grade level	
	(2) Written notice to parents shall include:	e same grade leven	
	(a) notification of serious implications to a student ente	ering fourth grade with a significant	
	reading deficiency and a meeting request		
	(b)work with the parents to schedule a meeting		
	(c) if the parent does not attend the meeting, the teacher and personnel of the local education		
	provider will decide whether the student will advance to the next grade level in the next school		
Policy	year.		
roncy	(4) specific information that should be discussed with p		
	fourth grade without reading proficiency, importance o		
third grade, the student's body of evidence and the likelihood that the student, despite		_	
	significant reading deficiency, will be able to maintain a		
	grade level, the increased level of intervention instructi		
	school year regardless of whether the student advances effects on the student if he or she does not advance to		
	(b)the parent, teacher, and other personnel shall dec		
	the next grade level in the next school year. If the parent, teacher and other personnel are n agreement, the parent shall decide whether the student will advance to the next grade level		
	unless otherwise specified in the policy adopted by the	_	
	(5) parents will be given written notification of the deci-	•	
	(6)beginning in 2016-17if the superintendent, or his		
	not approve the decision to advance the student, the student shall not advance to fourth grade in the next school year		

	(7) Each local education provider shall oral and written communications to a parent in a		
	language that the parent understands.		
Replacement Policy	Ianguage that the parent understands. The school will follow the school's replacement policy IKE/IKE-R regarding retention and promotion of students. Retention and promotion decisions for students performing below or above grade-level in core content areas will be made based on reading and math achievement levels as determined by performance on standardized assessments and a body of evidence which could include but not limited to grades, attendance, interventions, conferences, credit standing The principal, deans, teacher, and parents will confer at least three months prior to the end of the school year about the student's progress, with additional meetings at least every 6 weeks thereafter. If students are making insufficient progress, an academic plan will be prepared and grade retention or promotion may be recommended to school leadership by the any member of the school community. • If school leadership approves the grade retention or promotion of a student, the student will be retained or promoted. Parents will not have the ability to override the decision of school leadership. Parents will be made aware of this policy at orientation, or at the time of registration for all mid-year enrollees. All retention and promotion decisions will be finalized by May 1st. The school will regularly		
	communicate student performance to parents/guardians.		
	22-63-403, C.R.S. Teacher employment,	Educational Program:	
School Proposal	compensation and dismissal act of 1990; payment of	Promotion, Retention and Acceleration	
	salaries	of Students	
Policy	Districts are required to pay teachers according to a schedule or according to a performance policy. Salaries are not to be changed until the end of the year. Individual teachers cannot have their salaries cut unless all teachers have salaries cut.		
Replacement Policy	 The school will use the district salary schedule for determining pay for teachers and staff; however, they will have discretion on how the budget is impacted for paying staff (actuals vs. averages). The school principal reserves the right to develop a supplemental compensation system to reimburse employees for extra duty pay as it may arise for mandated extended school year, mandated PD outside of school year, mandated additional time, or stipends for school identified priorities. This may also include activities such as coaching, tutoring, external professional development or for performance incentive pay. 		
School Proposal	22-33-102(1) Definition of "Academic Year"	Teaching: Payment of Salaries	
Policy	As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires: (1) "Academic year" means that portion of the school year during which the public schools are in regular session, beginning about the first week in September and ending about the first week in June of the next year, or that portion of the school year which constitutes the minimum period during which a pupil must be enrolled.		
Replacement Policy	"Academic year" refers to the year as it is established by the innovation school's developed academic calendar for the School. The calendar will be posted publically by May 1 st for the following school year. The school's SGB will provide input into the calendar.		
	Education Program: Calendar		